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Light

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Stefan Zweig

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Franz Kafka

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Hemingway

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G. Márquez

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Murakami

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George Orwell

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J.R.R. Tolkien

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Ian Fleming

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Oscar Wilde

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Mario Puzo

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Cote d'Ivoire

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Kazakhstan

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Saint Lucia

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Azerbaijan

Light

36pt.

Albert Camus was born in 1913 and was a chief literary figure in non-metropolitan French Literature. In addition, he was also a journalist and regarded as a keen philosopher of the 20th century. His origins lied in Algeria, and there are major influences in his thoughts and work from there.

Regular

36pt.

Anne Frank is arguably the author of the single most interesting documentation of the events of World War II. She manages to depict a picture of life in hiding during the time in which unspeakable cruelties and atrocities were inflicted upon the Jewish victims of the Holocaust.

Medium

36pt.

Chuck Palahniuk was born in Pasco, Washington on February 21, 1962. Most of his childhood was spent living in a mobile home in Burbank, Washington. However, after the divorce of his parents, Palahniuk and his siblings were sent to live with their maternal

SemiBold

36pt.

Valentine Louis Georges Eugène Marcel was born in Auteuil, Paris into an upper middle class family on July 10, 1871. His father was a well known pathologist and also an author of many books to do with medicine and hygiene. Marcel's mother, a well

Bold

36pt.

Kazuo Ishiguro is a British author who was born in Nagasaki, Japan on 8th November 1954. He migrated to England with his family so his father, who was an oceanographer, could work with the National Institute of Oceanography.

Light Italic

36pt.

Lev Nikolayevich Tolstoy was a Russian author best known for his novels War and Peace and Anna Karenina which are considered to be the greatest novels of realist fiction. Tolstoy is also regarded as world's best novelist by many. In addition to writing novels, Tolstoy also authored

Regular Italic

36pt.

Cometan is regarded as the 21st century's newest religious leader and one of the youngest religious figures in history. An author from age fifteen, Cometan experienced his first personal inspiration to create the Spacefaring World franchise centred on the Jesse Millette fictional

Medium Italic

36pt.

David Herbert Lawrence was a poet, short story writer and novelist, born in Nottingham in 1885. He was best known for being a novelist. Lawrence published his initial works in 1909, which included a collection of poems, many of them were

SemiBold Italic

36pt.

Antoine de saint Exupery was born on 29th June, 1900 in Marseille, France. His father died in 1904 due to a stroke, thus his mother moved with her children to Le Mans in 1909. He spent his childhood years at the castle of Saint-Maurice-de-

Bold Italic

36pt.

Norman Mailer was a major American essayist and social commentator. He was born in Long Branch, New Jersey. He grew up in Brooklyn, New York in a middle class Jewish family. He was a motivated student with a competitive streak.

Alternate G, R, K

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GORKI

GORKI

Standard Ligatures

Traffic

Effort

Dogfish

Barfly

Waffle

Discretionary Ligatures

BAZAAR

ÆRO

YAHOO

LOCAL

READ

LONG

Reggæ

Streĥ

Oĉtavo

Surfbird

Offkey

Serfhood

Thraſh

Reſpire

Teſter

Bıçkın

İçlik

Açtı

Aşkım

İſporta

Sergüzeſt

Uppercase Alternates

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*Athens**Athens**Buffalo**Buffalo**Curitiba**Curitiba**Duisburg**Duisburg**Elche**Elche**Fuzhou**Fuzhou**Hamilton**Hamilton*

Uppercase Alternates

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*Istanbul**Istanbul**Kharkiv**Kharkiv**Paris**Paris**Rome**Rome**Sydney**Sydney**Tokyo**Tokyo**Yonkers**Yonkers*

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Light

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Mary Shelley

Regular

100pt.

Neil Gaiman

Medium

100pt.

Paul Auster

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100pt.

Ted Hughes

Bold

100pt.

Roald Dahl

Light

100pt.

Isabel Allende

Regular

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Terry Brooks

Medium

100pt.

Sylvia Plath

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Paul Valéry

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Jules Verne

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48pt.

Daphne Du Maurier also known as ‘Lady Browning’ was a British writer and

Regular

48pt.

One of the most widely read German writers, Karl May’s popularity lies

Medium

48pt.

Charles Dickens was an English writer born in 1812 in Portsmouth,

SemiBold

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**Anne Frank is arguably
the author of the
single most interesting**

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**Cometan is regarded
as the 21st century's
newest religious**

Light Italic

48pt.

She belonged to a creative family where her father and mother both were actors, her

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His works have been translated into more than 30 languages and although

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He was the son of John Dickens and Elizabeth nee Barrow. Dickens' father

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She manages to depict a picture of life in hiding during the time in which

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An author from age fifteen, Cometan experienced his first

Light

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Agatha Christie is reputably known throughout the world as the “Queen of Crime”. The Guinness Book of Records cites her as the second best-selling author of all time, after William Shakespeare. She also has the honor of being the most widely translated author. Her books have been translated into more than 103 languages.

She was born in Torquay, Devon, England. She did not receive any formal schooling, but did not lack education either. She taught herself to read from a very young age. During the First World War, she worked as a nurse at a hospital and there met her husband, Archibald Christie. In that period, she also started writing books.

Regular

18pt.

Anne Frank is arguably the author of the single most interesting documentation of the events of World War II. She manages to depict a picture of life in hiding during the time in which unspeakable cruelties and atrocities were inflicted upon the Jewish victims of the Holocaust. She achieves this by means of her best friend and moral support during trying times, her confidant, her most treasured birthday gift – her diary, addressed as “Kitty”.

The diary of Anne provides a marvelously fascinating insight of the events of the world war from the perspective of a teenage Jewish girl. Anne Frank was born on 12 June 1929 in Frankfurt, Germany to Otto Frank and Edith Frank-Holländer. She also had an elder sister – Margot Frank.

Medium

18pt.

Albert Chinualumogo Achebe known as Chinua Achebe is one living African writer widely acclaimed for his work in English Literature. Born to Christian evangelical parents he was raised in a town Ogidi, in Igboland, in Eastern Nigeria.

He got his early education in English and the Igbo traditions and colonial legacy played a great part in the growing years of his life. Thereafter, he went to University of Ibadan for further studies where he studied literature and medicine. After completing his graduation, he opted for teaching for a short period, but later on joined the Nigerian Broadcasting company in Lagos as Director of External Broadcasting.

SemiBold

18pt.

Dante Alighieri was born in Florence in the year of 1265. He is regarded as one of the most significant Italian poets and also one of the most brilliant writers of ancient European medieval times. Unfortunately, very little is known of his life. He went to the Franciscan school at the Convent of Santa Croce and later attended the Dominican School of Santa Maria Novella. According to records, it is certified that he was coached in Florence by Brunetto Latini, a very noteworthy orator and philosopher.

Dante resided in Bologna till 1285 and studied law at the university over there. During this time, he came out with his first and most crucial work, *La Vita Nuova* ("New Life"), which is frequently cited as one of the most exquisitely written examples of *Dolce Stil Nuovo*, which is a modern and conventional Florentine poetic style of writing in *Volgare*, known as an informal dialect. The potency which this style of writing exudes makes it a classical example of European poetry.

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18pt.

Émile Zola was born in Paris, France on 2nd April 1840, the son of François Zola, an engineer and his wife Emilie Aubert. He grew up in Aix-en-Provence, attending the (now named) Collège Mignet, then the Lycée Saint Louis in Paris. Under the harsh straits of poverty after his father died Zola worked various clerical jobs. He then moved on to writing literary columns for Cartier de Villemessant's newspapers. A sign of things to come he was harsh and outspoken in his criticism of Napoleon. He was also harshly anti-Catholic.

One of Zola's first works published was his autobiographical *La Confession de Claude* (1865), which attracted many critics and brought negative attention to him including the police. Guilt and shame haunt *Thérèse Raquin* (1867), another of Zola's works to inspire many film and television adaptations. *Madeleine Féral* was published a year later. Zola further explores the scientific model in *Le Roman Experimental* (The Experimental Novel) (1880). He next wrote his *Les Trois Villes* series consisting of *Lourdes* (1894), *Rome* (1896), and *Paris* (1898).

Light

Franz Kafka is ranked by many critics as one of the best and culturally influential author of 20th century. Born on July the 3rd in the year 1883 Kafka belonged to a German speaking Jewish middle class family. His birth house in Prague, Bohemia, now the Czech Republic; holds permanent exhibition dedicated to Kafka. His Father Hermann Kafka was a self employed retailer of men and women fancy goods and accessories. Kafka on various occasions recalled his struggling relationship with his father. Intensity to which Kafka was influenced by his father's overbearing personality can be sensed in his famous letter to his father which he wrote in 1919. He initiates his letter by saying:

"You asked me recently why I maintain that I am afraid of you. As usual, I was unable to think of any answer to your question, partly for the very reason that I am afraid of you, and partly because an explanation of the grounds for this fear would mean going into far more details than I could even approximately keep in mind while talking."

Regular

Edith Wharton was born on 24th January 1862 in an aristocratic family. She was home schooled by private tutors and well groomed by governesses. She got married at the age of twenty to a rich banker, Edward Wharton. Although she got a collection of her poems printed when she was sixteen years old, she began writing vigorously after her marriage in 1885. Her married life was very unhappy. The reason was her husband's severe condition of acute depression which eventually led to mental disorder.

Her friendship with renowned writer Henry Jones guided her through her writing career. She wrote poems for various magazines notably Harper's and Scribner's in the late 1800s. However her first novel '*The Valley of Decision*' was published in 1902. Wharton wrote numerous novels the more famous being 'The House of Mirth' (1905), 'The Reef' (1912), 'The Custom of the Country' (1913) and 'Summer' (1917). She won a Pulitzer Prize for a novel she published in 1920 called 'The Age of Innocence'. This made her the

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Kafka's early education was from German Schools that refers to his father's longing for social advancement as German was considered to be the language of the elites. This early schooling helped him mastering German and later he composed all his legendary work in this language. In the year 1907 after completion of his doctorate degree in law, he joined Assicurazioni Generali Insurance Company. Kafka never got comfortable with this employment and left with in a year. He later mentioned not being content with the work schedule as he had to work for 10 hours a day which gave him no time to concentrate on his writing. Just two weeks after his resignation Kafka joined Workers' Accident Insurance Institute where he was required to work only for six hours which gave him ample time to focus on his writing.

Kafka had been trying his pen since the age of 16 however his earliest existing story 'Description of a Struggle' is dated 1905. Max Bord, his university fellow and best friend of his life, is credited for convincing Kafka to issue his first publication. In

10pt.

first woman to receive this award. This was a story about an aristocrat Newland Archer who is engaged to the wealthy and the beautiful member of the elite society, May Welland. With a twist of events he happens to fall in love with Ellen Olenska who has escaped from the misery of her own marriage. The rest of the book is about the events that follow these circumstances. Another popular novel by Wharton is 'Ethan Frome' (1911). The main character Ethan Frome, who is a farmer, falls for his wife's cousin, Mattie. The story is situated in New England farm a place she had known when she resided in Lenox, Massachusetts.

Wharton also published many short stories. She is also known for writing horror stories involving ghosts and other paranormal activities. Her books were mainly about the elite class as she belonged to a wealthy family herself and was well aware of the society's ups and downs. The stories took place in vivid settings and contained satiric wit and moral seriousness. Edith Wharton's style included the use of subtle

Medium

Ernest Miller Hemingway; one of the most renowned author and journalist of this era, was born on the 21st of July 1899 in Oak Park, Chicago, USA. Born to a simple family, Hemingway worked his way from a reporter for The Kansas City Star then a volunteer for an ambulance unit in World War-I, a journalist in Chicago to a Nobel prize awarded writer who inspired wide range of authors and writers. An institute in himself Hemingway was awarded Nobel Prize for his contribution to literature in 1954.

His writing style became an inspiration for many crime and pulp fiction novels. He wrote in a very distinctive minimalist way. Writing short stories, Hemingway knew how to get the most from the least. With his tightly written prose, he was a master of narration and a brilliant writer. He was not in favor of using emotions. He believed it was easy and useless to do so. Instead he formed sculptures to portray the 'original feeling'.

SemiBold

Fernando Pessoa, recognized as the greatest poet of the Portuguese language was born on 13th of June 1888 in Lisbon, Portugal. He is distinguished as the most momentous literary figure of the 20th century who played a major role in the development of modernism in his country.

When five, Pessoa moved to Durban, South Africa with his mother after the demise of his father. It was in Durban, where he received his early education in an English school, that Pessoa developed profound appreciation for English literature. Young Pessoa received his first recognition at the age of 15 when he was awarded Queen Victoria Memorial Prize for the best paper in English.

In 1905 Pessoa returned to his homeland Portugal never to leave again. Here he started making his living as a commercial translator and by drafting business letters in English and French. By 1914 Pessoa

10pt.

His first books include 'Three stories and Ten Poems' (1923), 'In Our Time' (1924) and 'The Torrents of Spring' although his first serious novel and without a doubt the reason of his establishing fame was 'The Sun also Rises' (1926) which was later recognized as his greatest work piece. Other major works include 'Death in the Afternoon', 'The Green Hills of Africa' and 'To Have and Have Not'.

Though a successful writer, Hemingway never disowned his past. He shared his life experiences on various occasions. He remembered his mother dressing him up as a little girl and the sorry incident of his father taking his own life in 1928. He used his life experiences as inspirations for many of his books. When the United States entered the First World War, Ernest Hemingway volunteered to work in an ambulance unit in the Italian army. His first duty was to visit an explosion site where his unit had to salvage the remains of female workers. He described this unpleasant incident in his book 'Death in the Afternoon'. Another

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had started publishing criticism in prose and poetry. This year is also marked as the birth year of Pessoa's three main literary personas which he preferred to call heteronyms rather than pseudonyms. These were Alberto Caeiro, Ricardo Reis and Alvaro de Campos. Although throughout his career Pessoa used at least Seventy Eight of his literary figures yet these were the three main heteronyms he returned to from time to time. They all were unique in every manner; they had their own writing style, history, exclusive personality and distinctive physiology. In 1935 Pessoa wrote a letter Adolfo Casais Monteiro explaining how he writes through the names of his three favorite heteronyms.

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Paul Auster is an American born Novelist who has received acclaim for his distinct theme choices which include; coincidence, descriptions of an austere existence as well as identity, to name a few. He was born in Newark, New Jersey to a Jewish Family. His parents were of Polish lineage, his father, Samuel – who was a landlord and his mother, Queenie Auster. Unfortunately, their marriage was an unhappy one and eventually resulted in divorce.

Auster became a brother at age 3 to a psychologically unstable sister. His upbringing was in South Orange, New Jersey. He is a Columbia High School graduate as of 1970. Upon graduating, he shifted to Paris, France. There, his main source of income involved translating French literature. Since returning to the U.S. in 1974, he has published a vast array of work.

Paul Auster was first wed to notable writer Lydia

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Davis with whom he shares a son – Daniel Auster. He later married writer Siri Hustvedt, in 1981. The couple who reside in Brooklyn at present. Together they have one daughter, Sophie Auster. Sophie Auster is a famous American actress and singer.

Auster gained publicity after his highly praised debut novel; “The Invention of Solitude”, a memoir published in 1982. The book has two divisions – “Portrait of an Invisible Man”, which is regarding the unexpected loss of Auster’s father, whereas in “The Book of Memory”, Auster portrays his individual opinions relating to themes such as coincidence, destiny, and seclusion.

Subsequently, Auster received prominence for a collection of three detective stories published as “The New York Trilogy”. The Trilogy is thought to be both unconventional and eccentric detective stories. He manages to emerge with his own idiosyncratically

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[illegible]

About The Designers

Fatih Hardal (born 1994) Graphic Designer, Type Designer and Researcher. He graduated from Marmara University Faculty of Fine Arts in 2019. In the same year, he founded Hardal Studio. In February 2020, Mimar Sinan Fine Arts University started his graduate education. He conducts his research on type design and typography. He works independently for services and consultancy in typography, type design and branding.

He has been working in the field of type design since 2018. They work on commissioned projects in the commercial, cultural and editorial sector, with a strong focus on typographic treatment, including the design and distribution of a range of original typefaces. Hardal sells its typefaces directly through hardalstudio.com and is based in Istanbul, Turkey. Besides the fonts, he collaborated with brands such as **Adidas**, **Adobe**, **Apple**, **Airbnb**, **GQ**, **&Walsh**, **Nike** and **Sony Music**. He still continues to work independently.

Supported Languages

Afrikaans, Albanian, Arapaho, Alsatian, Aragonese, Aromanian, Arrernte, Asturian, Asu, Aymara, Basque, Belarusian (Iacinka), Bislama, Bemba-lang., Bena, Bokmål, Bosnian, Breton, Catalan, Cebuano, Chamorro, Cheyenne, Cimbrian, Corsican, Chichewa (nyanja), Croatian, Czech, Danish, Demo, Dutch, English, Esperanto, Estonian, Faroese, Finnish, French, French (creole), Frisian, Fijian, Friulian, Galician, German, Genoese, Gilbertese, Greenlandic, Gusii-lang., Hungarian, Haitian (creole), Hawaiian, Hiligaynon, Hmong, Hopi, Icelandic, Italian, Ibanag, Iloko (ilokano), Indonesian, Interglossa (glosa), Interlingua, Irish (gaelic), Istro-romanian, Jerriais, Kashubian, Kurdish (kurmanji), Latinbasic, Latvian, Lithuanian, Ladin, Lojban, Lombard, Low (saxon), Luxembourgish, Malagasy, Makonde, Maltese, Malay (latinized), Manx, Māori, Megleno (romanian), Mohawk, Morisyen, Norwegian, Nahuatl, Norfolk (pitcairnese), Northern (sotho), North-Ndebele-lang., Occitan, Oromo, Pare, Polish, Portuguese, Pangasinan, Papiamentu, Piedmontese, Potawatomi, Quechua, Romanian, Rhaeto-romance, Romansh, Rombo, Rotokas, Rukiga, Rundi, Rwa, Rwandan, Sami (lule), Samoan, Serbian, Slovak, Slovenian, Spanish, Sardinian, Scots (gaelic), Sena, Seychelles (creole), Shona, Sicilian, Somali, Soga, Southern (ndebele), Southern (sotho), Swahili, Swati (swazi), Turkish, Tagalog (filipino), Taita, Tahitian, Tausug, Teso, Tetum, Tok (pisin), Tongan, Tswana, Turkmen (latinized), Tuvaluan, Ubasic, Uyghur (latinized), Volapuk, Veps, Votic (latinized), Vunjo, Walliser German, Walloon, Warlpiri, Xhosa, Yape, Zulu

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FH Phemister Text (Light, Light Italic, Regular, Regular Italic, Medium, Medium Italic, SemiBold, SemiBold Italic, Bold, Bold Italic)

Information

FH Phemister Collection™

Designer: Fatih Hardal

Producer: Typografische by Hardal Studio

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